

ty openly hostile to the social organization of the States of the Union. Besides this, the Governor of Alabama is instructed to issue writs of election and summon a Convention of the people of that State within forty days after it is ascertained that a black republican is elected to the Presidency; and the Virginia Legislature has also moved in the same direction. We may expect the other Southern States soon to follow; and the fanatics of the North will soon begin to perceive that there is deep truth in what we have so often told them. Lincoln's "irrepressible conflict" cannot be carried on without resistance and bloodshed.

GENEROSITY OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The Prince of Wales has been scattering presents with a liberal hand during his tour in the United States. Wherever he received any peculiar mark of kindness or attention, he does not appear to have failed in dispensing favors in recognition of the same. In this respect he has varied from the course of the princes who preceded him—the Ambassadors from Japan—who confined their presents to the handsome donation made to the police of the leading cities. The Prince presented a gold pencil to Capt. Leonard, of the Metropolitan Police, it is true, in return for some special attention paid him; but beyond this he has not recognized the services of the force, who, of course, he fully understood were doing nothing more than their duty in preserving order on an occasion of great excitement. He is more accustomed to these things than our Japanese visitor.

His generosity to the servants of the Fifth Avenue Hotel was indeed princely, if it be true, as alleged, that he left \$700 to be distributed among them. His liberality to the crew of the Harriet Lane, to whom he presented \$300, was on a like scale, and his recognition of the attentions of Captain Faunce was handsomely demonstrated by the present of a splendid gold chronometer. To the Superintendent of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad, who piloted him to and from Richmond, he gave a magnificent breastpin set in diamonds. Madam Ledue, the sister of Mr. Spencer, who entertained him during his shooting excursion on the prairie, was the recipient of a costly bracelet. In short, everywhere he went he left a souvenir of his visit and an acknowledgment of kindness received. During his brief visit to this city he made some very large purchases from Bait, Black & Co., left some heavy orders with Brady, the photographer, and became a customer of several other establishments also, thus dispensing his favors and his gold pretty extensively on all sides.

A curious incident occurred during the progress of the Prince up Broadway on Thursday of his arrival, which proves him to be possessed of much discernment and good sense. An enthusiastic sovereign rushed towards the carriage, and, extending his hand, vociferously prayed God to bless the Prince, to bless his mother, and to bless every one and everything, in general terms. The Prince smiled, and good naturedly took the extended hand of the enthusiastic citizen. A policeman, emboldened by the condescension, then offered his hand also; but the Prince drew himself up and turned away, at the same time apologizing to the Mayor, who sat beside him, and explaining that he recognized the distinction between a private citizen offering his hand, through a feeling of hospitality and welcome, and a public servant on duty doing the same thing. This little incident argues an amount of discrimination and self-possession on the part of the Prince not often to be found in so young a man.

PROGRESS OF REVOLUTION AT THE SOUTH.—The black republican party at the North, with their platform and their programme, and their revolutionary books and the revolutionary speeches of their leaders, have been gradually driving the South into a revolution of a different kind from their own, and now the question seems to be coming to a crisis there.

The elections in South Carolina show that that State is in favor of secession. Mr. R. R. Rhett, Jr., proprietor of the Charleston *Mercury*—the leading organ of the secessionists—has been elected to the Legislature, and men of similar sentiments have been elected in opposition to Unionists. A serenade was given by the people a few days ago to the successful candidates at Charleston, and among them to Mr. Rhett, of the *Mercury*, who, in acknowledgment of the compliment, said "they were in the midst of a revolution," and added, "if there is any policy in suffering ourselves to be paralyzed by a romantic love of the Union, which, however admirable one, is at this time a source of apprehension and peril, I cannot see it." Mr. Lowndes, formerly a Union man, scorned the imputation that had been maliciously thrown out against him that he was a "sublimist," and he thanked the citizens that they had vindicated him, by his election, from that slander. Mr. M. P. O'Connor, who had also been a strong Unionist, called upon the people, in his speech, not to wait till Lincoln, if elected, does some unconstitutional act, and has the machinery of government to sustain him, but to regard his "election itself as a violation of the constitution, an act of revolution begun by the people of the North." Gen. Simons and other citizens gave utterance to like sentiments.

Thus does the "irrepressible conflict" begin to assume a formidable appearance, and an hour of peril is at hand. The conservatives in the North are quarrelling about precedence on union tickets, and in some States are refusing to have any union, while revolution at the South and revolution at the North are looming up from either horizon, like two black portentous clouds rushing into terrible collision, and destined to explode with destructive effects when they meet in the zenith. Never before was such wanton, suicidal folly exhibited in any country in the world. The black republicans have proclaimed war to the knife against the institutions of the South, and are driving even its conservative men to desperation; and yet men in the North, professing to be conservatives, are helping the republicans to succeed, and thus contributing, as far as in them lies, to bring about a dissolution of the Union, and all the fearful consequences that must ensue from such a catastrophe.

NEWS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Despatches from Our Minister in China and Nicaragua, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1860.
THE AMERICAN MINISTER IN CHINA.
The Department of State received advice this morning from Mr. Ward, our Minister in China. He had left Shanghai, in company with the Russian Ambassador, and would proceed at once to the Peking, for the purpose of looking after the interests of their respective governments, and also to aid, if possible, in bringing about an adjustment of pending differences. Minister Ward includes in the hope that something may be done to avert the fearful disaster in loss of life and property that will necessarily attend the expedition against the Chinese, in case it should be carried out according to the programme laid down by the Allied Powers. The Chinese are confident of their ability to repel and defeat the allied fleet.

ARMY MOVEMENTS.
By order of the Secretary of War the troops at Fort Larned, with the exception of a small guard for the security of the public property, and three of the companies of the First Cavalry at Fort Wise, will be immediately withdrawn to Fort Riley, there to remain for the winter.

Assistant Surgeon Mehan has been assigned to duty with the recruits to sail from New York for San Francisco on the 20th inst.

Assistant Surgeon Wood has been assigned to duty with the recruits to sail from this port to Texas on the 21st inst. Assistant Surgeon Wagner has been assigned to duty with the recruits to leave California for Texas, via Fort Leavenworth, on the 31st inst.

STATES OF AMERICA IN NICARAGUA.
Official despatches from Minister Dmitry have been received at the State Department from Nicaragua. They represent affairs as quiet, and make no mention but that the relations with this government are now of the most amicable kind. There was great rejoicing that Walker was shot, among the inhabitants, who now anticipate no other unlawful American interference.

COLORADO LANDS' EXTENSION.
Advice from Colonel Lander's expedition have been received. He met with success in making the Fort Kearney, South Pass and Honey Lake wagon road. Lander is now writing his report at Sacramento for Congress.

THE TEXAS BOUNDARY LINE.
The work of fixing the boundary line between the Territories of the United States and the State of Texas has been completed, under the superintendence of Commissioner John H. Clark. That officer, with a party, set out for Fort Smith, where they arrived on the 25th. The party will be dispatched, when the Commissioner will return to Washington to arrange his report and maps.

THE CHINESE ARRIVALS.
It has been determined to largely increase the force in the Census Bureau, owing to the rush of business.

Additional from California.
FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 17, 1860.
The overland mail from San Francisco, Sept. 23, and Los Angeles, Oct. 2, arrived at seven o'clock this morning.

On the 15th of September Lieut. Beale, accompanied by Fred. Kelen, arrived at Fort Walsh on the Colorado River. Fifty days were occupied in reaching that point from Westport, Mo. The party were all well. All along the route from about 120 miles from the place of starting the Indians were hostile, and the Lieutenant was strongly advised not to make the experiment; but he reached his destination without the loss of man or animal. He had fourteen men, forty head of cattle and two wagons. Beale reported the road in good condition; but owing to the determined hostility of the Indians he would not encourage emigrants to go that way, as their stock would be in danger. As soon as protection is afforded by the government the route may be traversed with advantage.

It was reported at Los Angeles that the Indians had attacked the store of settlers at Fort Defiance and held possession of the post for six hours in the face of four companies of United States troops.

Operations were about to commence at the Twentieth miles. Large purchases of stock in the various localities had been made by Colonel Fremont and others, who have the utmost confidence in the success of the enterprise.

At Denver, Oct. 17, 1860.
The arrival of treasure from Jasper City for the week ending October 17 is \$23,443.

There is no news of importance.

New York Assembly Nomination.
ALBANY, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Democratic Assembly Convention for the Third district of Albany county nominated Henry Lansing for the Assembly to-day.

The Democratic Assembly Convention of the Fourth district has nominated Wm. Wheeler, of Colton.

The following are Republican Assembly nominations:—First district, John I. Stierland, of the last Assembly; Second district, L. Benedict, Jr.

New York State Politics.
ALBANY, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Congressional contest between Corning, Democrat, and Corning, Republican, is very close. Mr. Corning leaves for Chicago soon to attend the Breckinridge trial, and will not appear in person in the canvass. There is some talk of the Breckinridge men nominating Mr. Olin, who is a rich old democrat. The democratic majority in Albany county is estimated, will be reduced 4,000, as compared with the last Presidential election, giving the county to the anti-republican ticket by from 600 to 1,000.

Gov. Edward left for Auburn to-day, after seeing the Prince of Wales off for Boston.

Schenectady county is doubtful. Good judges, however, give two hundred Lincoln majority. Vibbard (Douglas dem.) for Congress, will carry the city and county. It is doubtful about the other portions of the district. Myers, the Breckinridge candidate, is making some show.

The American County Convention, held to-day, endorsed Erasmus Corning for Congress, and resolved that it was inexpedient to make nominations for other officers.

Execution of Criminals in Texas.
FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 17, 1860.
Two young men, late of this city, Frank Rivers and Bob Montgomery, were hung near San Antonio, Texas, on the 20th ult., for horse stealing.

Proposed Truce Extension of Philadelphia.
CLEVELAND, Oct. 17, 1860.
A party of forty members of the Philadelphia Board of Trade arrived here to-day from Philadelphia. They were received by a committee from the Cleveland Board, and will meet the Board and citizens generally at the Board of Trade rooms to-morrow. The object of the excursion is for establishing more extensive business relations between Philadelphia and the Northwest. The party leaves to-morrow night for Chicago and the West.

The Young Guard, of Richmond, at Baltimore.
BALTIMORE, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Young Guard, of Richmond, a fine military corps, arrived here this afternoon, and were received by the City Guard. They will participate in the Park celebration on Friday.

Earthquake at Saco and Montreal.
SAO, Me., Oct. 17, 1860.
A severe shock of an earthquake was felt here this morning, rocking buildings, ringing bells, &c. It was accompanied by a loud report.

Collision at Ogdensburg.
OGDENBURG, Oct. 17, 1860.
The steamer Ontario, while entering this port, about three o'clock this morning, ran into and sank the bark City of Ogdensburg, lying at anchor within eighty feet of water. The bark in less than three minutes after the collision, the crew having barely time to escape with nothing but the clothes which they had on. The vessel was light. The steamer sustained only a slight damage.

Weather Report.
AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 16, 1860.
We had a heavy frost this morning, the thermometer at the freezing point, and this ice in the neighborhood.

Sailing of the Canada.
BOSTON, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Canada sailed at eleven o'clock, with seventy passengers for Liverpool and nineteen for Halifax, and \$3,700 in specie.

Southern Ocean Steamer Movements.
SAVANNAH, Oct. 17, 1860.
The screw steamer R. R. Taylor arrived at Tybee at three o'clock to-morrow morning, 18th inst., in fifty-five hours from New York.

The Loss of the Connaught.

TESTIMONIALS PRESENTED TO CAPTAIN WILSON AND THE OFFICERS AND CREW OF THE MINER SHIPPER.
BOSTON, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Humane Society have awarded a medal of the highest class to Captain Wilson, of the Minster, and a silver medal to Thomas H. Connaught, master, and \$10 to each of the crew. A resolution expressing the gratitude of all the friends of humanity to the noble conduct of the captain—Leitch and Wilson—was also adopted.

News from Pike's Peak.

OMAHA CITY, Nebraska, Oct. 17, 1860.
The Denver City mail coach, with six passengers, bringing Denver dates to the 11th inst., reached here at nine o'clock to-day—timely, through, five days and eighteen hours. \$14,000 in gold dust came by express, and \$6,000 in the hands of passengers.

Gordon, the murderer of Gale, was hung at Denver on the 16th. He made a full confession of his crime.

The mining news was unimportant.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16, 1860.
Stocks dull. Pennsylvania Railroad, 41 1/2; Erie Railroad, 23 1/2; Morris Canal, 43 1/2; Long Island Railroad, 41 1/2; Pennsylvania Railroad, 41 1/2. Right exchange on New York at par to 1 1/2 cent premium.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17, 1860.
Cotton firm: sales to-day, 10,000 bales; receipts, 10,000 bales. Sales to-day, 10,000 bales; receipts, 10,000 bales. Sales to-day, 10,000 bales; receipts, 10,000 bales.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 16, 1860.
Cotton sales to-day 1,400 bales, with a better feeling in the market; good middling 11c.

CHARLOTTE, Oct. 16, 1860.
Cotton sales to-day 3,000 bales, at an advance in two days of 1/2c, 1 1/2c, good middling at 11 1/2c.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16, 1860.
Flour active and firm: Howard street and Ohio 45 1/2; City Mills held at \$6.00 62 1/2; West end red, \$1.30 a \$1.40 white, \$1.45 a \$1.50. Corn: yellow, 70c; a 72c. Provisions steady and unchanged. Coffee firm. Whiskey active at 25c.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16, 1860.
Flour firm. Wheat active and advanced 2c; sales of 10,000 bushels at \$1.40 a \$1.50. Corn: yellow, 70c; a 72c. Provisions steady and unchanged. Coffee firm. Whiskey active at 25c.

ALBANY, Oct. 17—P. M.
Flour dull. Wheat steady and in moderate demand, clearing 17c. Sales of 10,000 bushels at \$1.40 a \$1.50. Corn: yellow, 70c; a 72c. Provisions steady and unchanged. Coffee firm. Whiskey active at 25c.

ALBANY, Oct. 17—P. M.
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New York Medical College and Charity Hospital.

The introductory lecture to the regular course of instruction in the valuable medical institution was delivered in the grand lecture room of the Thirtieth street college near the Fourth avenue, by Dr. Doremus, Professor of chemistry. There was an overflowing audience of both sexes present.

Dr. Doremus began his lecture by observing that he felt honored in being permitted to be the first to open the interesting lectures of the season, and expressed the hope that the vast number of medical science would gather fresh stores of useful information from the eminent man who would from time to time address them. He soon after proceeded to perform some very interesting chemical experiments, many of which are familiar to our readers, especially those who are students, from their frequent description. The most interesting of these related to the nature and properties of carbonic acid gas, which he experimented upon in its three forms—First, the gas in its gaseous state, next in its liquid form, and lastly in its solid form. He is later condition he showed that the gas was very cold to the touch, even more so than snow. In the course of his experiments, of which it is not possible to give a complete description, he alluded to the delusion of Fahrenheit, who believed that when he had reached zero he had got to the lowest point of the thermometer, and that there could be no more heat or cold than that degree. But modern science has overturned the error of Fahrenheit, and now shows that we may go down to 273 degrees, or even 273 below zero. He then proceeded with numerous very interesting experiments with carbonic acid gas, and with water, ether, &c., his large audience giving him their silent attention.

After the termination of these useful experiments, which elicited much applause, Professor Doremus proceeded to discuss on the nature of medical practice and the duties of those young men who have set themselves apart for the study of the medical science. The field of this study is very wide. Anatomy was one of the principal things to be learned, and for this the student had not only to study dissection, but he was also required to study the human body itself. A good physician must or ought also to understand botany, therapeutics, chemistry, psychology and all the other sciences which relate to his profession. He should not only be able to treat the sick, but he should also be prepared to prevent the spread of disease by hygienic and prophylactic means. He should be able to do all this, and he should be able to do it with a view to the welfare of the human race. The field of this study is very wide. Anatomy was one of the principal things to be learned, and for this the student had not only to study dissection, but he was also required to study the human body itself. A good physician must or ought also to understand botany, therapeutics, chemistry, psychology and all the other sciences which relate to his profession. He should not only be able to treat the sick, but he should also be prepared to prevent the spread of disease by hygienic and prophylactic means. He should be able to do all this, and he should be able to do it with a view to the welfare of the human race.

Personal Intelligence.

Col. J. B. Danforth, of St. Louis, Judge E. K. Foster and son, of New Haven, and Charles Rimer and party, have just arrived from the West.

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